CRATER LAKE NATIONAL PARK OREGON

THE ORIGINAL WILDERNESS RECOMMENDATION SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS ON

JUNE 13, 1974, PROPOSED 122,400 ACRES AS WILDERNESS. THIS PROPOSAL

HAS NOW BEEN REVISED. THE NEW RECOMMENDATION IS SHOWN ON A PLAN NUMBERED

106-20,006-E, DATED JANUARY 1978, AND CONSISTS OF 127,058 ACRES AS

WILDERNESS. THIS INCLUDES ADDITIONAL LANDS IN UNIT 4 ALONG THE WESTERN

SECTION OF THE RIM ROAD, LANDS ADDED TO UNIT 1 ALONG THE NORTH ENTRANCE

ROAD AND A NEW WILDERNESS UNIT 6 OF 1,200 ACRES LYING BETWEEN THE RIM

ROAD AND THE GRAYBACK MOTOR NATURE ROAD. TO PERMIT THE CONTINUED COLLECTION

OF HYDROLOGIC DATA, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE COMMITTEE REPORT CLEARLY

AUTHORIZE THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR TO ESTABLISH, USE AND MAINTAIN

HYDROLOGIC DEVICES WITHIN THIS WILDERNESS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUCH

REGULATIONS AS ARE DEEMED DESIRABLE. PROVISION FOR FIRE MANAGEMENT WITHIN

WILDERNESS SHOULD ALSO BE INCLUDED IN THE COMMITTEE REPORT.

CRATER LAKE PROPER WAS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR WILDERNESS DESIGNATION
BECAUSE FOUR CONCESSIONER OPERATED, SIXTY PASSENGER MOTORBOATS ARE USED
IN CONDUCTING TOURS ON THE LAKE. THE TOURS INCLUDE AN INTERPRETATIVE
PROGRAM. SUPPORT FACILITIES INCLUDE TWO BOAT HOUSES, TOILET FACILITIES
AND DOCK ON WIZZARD ISLAND AND A DOCK, SNACK BAR, TOILET FACILITIES,
FUEL SERVICE LINE AND ACCESS TRAIL AT CLEETWOOD COVE. UNDER
EXISTING POLICIES THE DEPARTMENT HAS ELECTED TO PERMIT MOTORBOAT
USE ONLY IN SPECIAL OR EMERGENCY CASES INVOLVING THE SAFETY OF
WILDERNESS USERS OR THE PROTECTION OF WILDERNESS VALUES. THE TOURS

AND FACILITIES DO NOT FALL WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT'S POLICIES FOR

PERMISSIBLE MOTORBOAT USE. ON THE OTHER HAND, THE DEPARTMENT BELIEVES

THE TOURS SHOULD BE CONTINUED AS THEY ARE CONSIDERED NECESSARY TO

PARK RESOURCE USE AND ENJOYMENT. FURTHERMORE, THE DEPARTMENT MAY

DECIDE IN THE FUTURE THAT AN INCREASED LEVEL OF TOURS IS NECESSARY.

IF THE LAKE WERE DECLARED WILDERNESS, AN INCREASED LEVEL OF TOURS

MIGHT BE PROSCRIBED BY THE LANGUAGE IN SECTION 4(d)(1) OF THE

WILDERNESS ACT. FURTHERMORE, THE DEPARTMENT FEELS THAT THE TOURS AND

SUPPORT FACILITIES ARE NOT NECESSARY TO WILDERNESS RESOURCE USE AND

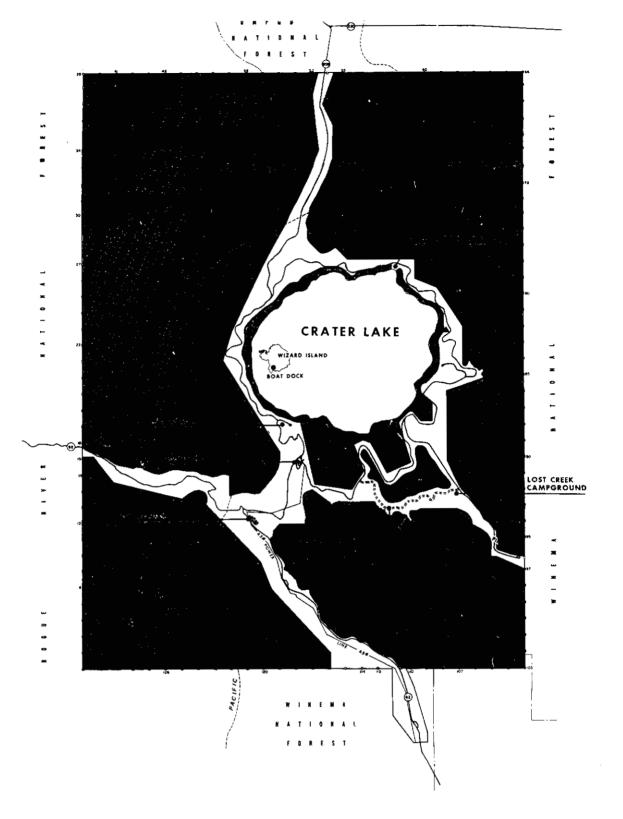
ENJOYMENT AND ARE INCONSISTENT WITH INTEGRAL PROVISIONS OF THE

WILDERNESS ACT WHICH DEFINES WILDERNESS, IN PART, AS AN AREA,

"...WITHOUT PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS...WITH THE IMPRINT OF MAN'S WORK

SUBSTANTIALLY UNNOTICEABLE...," AND HAVING, "...OUTSTANDING OPPORTUNITIES

FOR SOLITUDE OR A PRIMITIVE AND UNCONFINED TYPE OF RECREATION...."



LEGEND

PARK BOUNDARY WILDERNESS BOUNDARY ROAD SHELTER



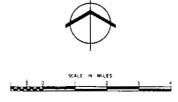
GROSS PARK NONFEDERAL

160,290 NONE

UNIT	WILDERNESS
1	33,826
2	18,600
3	20,500
4	46,432
5	6,500
6	1,200
TOTAL	127 059

WILDERNESS PLAN CRATER LAKE

NATIONAL PARK OREGON





United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20240

MAY 1 1 1978

Honorable Thomas P. O'Neill, Jr. Speaker of the House of Representatives Washington, D. C. 20515

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Enclosed is a draft bill "To designate certain lands within units of the National Park System as wilderness."

We recommend that the draft bill be referred to the appropriate Committee for consideration, and that it be enacted.

The purpose of the bill is to designate, in accordance with section 3(c) of the Wilderness Act (78 Stat. 890; 16 U.S.C. 1132(c)), 25 areas as wilderness or potential wilderness. This proposed omnibus legislation represents completion of this Administration's review of wilderness proposals for areas within the National Park System made by previous Administrations, and consolidates into one legislative package many separate pieces of wilderness legislation currently pending before the Congress.

There are currently 30 National Park System wilderness proposals: submitted by this Administration or previous Administrations which are not yet enacted. The bill proposes the following:

- 1. Four of the proposals should be enacted as previously submitted: Buffalo National River, Cedar Breaks, Everglades, and Glacier;
- 2. Action should be postponed on five of the proposals pending further study: Yosemite, Canyonlands, Capital Reef. Death Valley, and Assateague;
- 3. Action should be postponed on Grear Smokies until the Park Service and the State of North Carolina resolve a dispute regarding the location of a road;

- 4. As the Katmai National Monument is being considered as part of the D-2 deliberations, we have not proposed designating it in this legislation;
- 5. The remainder of the previously submitted proposals should be revised in various ways which are described in the attached descriptions.

In addition, we have proposed wilderness and potential wilderness designation for portions of Gulf Islands National Seashore.

We have attached to this proposal a description of each area and other information, such as the facilities currently existing in those areas and management practices.

The Office of Management and Budget has advised that this legislative proposal is in accord with the program of the President.

Sincerely,

Bob Herbst

ISSISTANT SECRETARY

A BILL

To designate certain lands within units of the National Park System as wilderness.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of

the United States of America in Concress assembled, That, in accordance

with section 3(c) of the Wilderness Act (78 Stat. 890; 16 U.S.C. 1132(c)),
the following lands are hereby designated as wilderness.

- (1) Arches National Park, Utah, wilderness comprising 61,547
 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 8,461 acres; depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Arches National Park, Utah", numbered 138-20,014-A and dated January 1978, to be known as the Arches Wilderness
- * (2) Big Bend National Park, Texas, wilderness comprising 538,250 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 44,750 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Big Bend National Park, Texas", numbered 155-20,004-D and dated January 1978, to be known as the Big Bend Wilderness.
- (3) Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah, wilderness comprising 20,810 acres depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah", numbered 129-20,004-C and dated January 1977, to be known as the Bryce Canyon Wilderness.

- (4) Buffalo National River, Arkansas, wilderness comprising 10,529 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 25,471 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Buffalo National River, Arkansas", numbered 173-20,036-B and dated March 1975, to be known as the Buffalo River Wilderness.
- (5) Carlsbad Caverns National Park, New Mexico, wilderness comprising 33,125 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 320 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Carlsbad Caverns National Park, New Mexico", numbered 130-20,003-B and dated January 1978, to be known as the Carlsbad Caverns Wilderness.
- (6) Cedar Breaks National Monument, Utah, wilderness comprising 4,830 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Cedar Breaks National Monument, Utah", numbered 154-20,000 and dated May 1973, to be known as the Cedar Breaks Wilderness.
- (7) Colorado National Monument, Colorado, wilderness comprising 13,842 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 937 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Colorado National Monument, Colorado", numbered 119-20,006-C and dated January 1978, to be known as the Colorado Wilderness.
- (8) Crater Lake National Park, Oregon, wilderness comprising
 -127,058 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Crater Lake
 National Park, Oregon", numbered 106-20,006-E and dated January 1978, to
 be known as the Crater Lake Wilderness.

- (9) Cumberland Gap National Historical Park, Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia, wilderness comprising 12,191 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 1,900 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Cumberland Gap National Historical Park, Tennessee, Virginia, Kentucky", numbered 380-20,026-C and dated January 1978, to be known as the Cumberland Gap Wilderness.
- (10) Dinosaur National Monument, Colorado and Utah, wilderness comprising 205,672 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 5,055 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Dinosaur National Monument, Utah and Colorado", numbered 122-20,009-B and dated January 1978, to be known as the Dinosaur Wilderness.
- (11) Everglades National Park, Florida, wilderness comprising 1,296,500 acres and potential wilderness additions comprising 81,900 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Everglades National Park, Florida", numbered 160-20,011 and dated June 1974, to be known as the Everglades Wilderness.
- (12) Glacier National Park, Montana, wilderness comprising 927,550 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 3,360 acres, depicte on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Glacier National Park, Montana", numbered 117-20,010-A and dated March 1974, to be known as the Glacier Wilderness.

- (13) Grand Teton National Park, Wyoming, wilderness comprising
 122,604 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 20,850
 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Grand Teton National
 Park, Wyoming", numbered 136-20,013-A and dated January 1978, to be
 known as the Grand Teton Wilderness.
- (14) Guadalupe Mountains National Park, Texas, wilderness comprising 55,746 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 703 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Guadalupe Mountains National Park, Texas", numbered 166-20,006-C and dated January 1978, to be known as the Guadalupe Mountains Wilderness.
- (15) Gulf Islands National Seashore, Florida and Mississippi,
 wilderness comprising 1,792 acres, and potential wilderness additions
 comprising 2,800 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan,
 Gulf Islands National Seashore, Mississippi, Florida", numbered 63520,018-A and dated March 1977, to be known as the Gulf Islands Wilderness.
- (16) Hawaii Volcanoes National Park, Hawaii, wilderness comprising 123,100 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 7,850 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Hawaii Volcanoes National Park, Hawaii", numbered 124-20,020 and dated April 1974, to be known as the Hawaii Volcanoes Wilderness.

- (17) Mount Rainier National Park, Washington, wilderness comprising 208,000 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 165 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Mount Rainier National Park, Washington", numbered 105-20,007-A and dated August 1977, to be known as the Mount Rainier Wilderness.
- (18) North Cascades Complex, Washington, wilderness comprising 537,120 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 1,508 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, North Cascades, Washington", numbered 168-20,009-B and dated January 1978, to be known as the North Cascades Wilderness.
- (19) Olympic National Park, Washington, wilderness comprising 861,179 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 2,855 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Olympic National Park, Washington", numbered 149-20,009-B and dated January 1978, to be known as the Olympic Wilderness.
- (20) Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument, Arizona, wilderness comprising 312,600 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 1,240 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument, Arizona", numbered 157-20,001-A and dated January 1978, to be known as the Organ Pipe Cactus Wilderness.
- (21) Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado, wilderness comprising 240,030 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 284 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado", numbered 121-20,015-A and dated January 1978, to be known as the Rocky Mountain Wilderness.

- (22) Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks, California, wilderness comprising 802,880 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 6,570 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks, California", numbered 102-20,003-C and dated January 1978, to be known as the Sequoia and Kings Canyon Wilderness.
- (23) Theodore Roosevelt National Memorial Park, North Dakota, wilderness comprising 29,920 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Theodore Roosevelt National Memorial Park, North Dakota", numbered 387-20,007-E (sheets 1 and 2) and dated January 1978, to be known as the Theodore Roosevelt Wilderness.
- (24) Yellowstone National Park, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming, wilderness comprising 2,032,721 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Yellowstone National Park, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming", numbered 101-20,005-A and dated January 1978, to be known as the Yellowstone Wilderness.
- (25) Zion National Park, Utah, wilderness comprising 120,620 acres, and potential wilderness additions comprising 10,364 acres, depicted on a map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Zion National Park, Utah", numbered 116-20,002-A and dated January 1978, to be known as the Zion Wilderness.
- Sec. 2. A map and description of the boundaries of the areas designated in this Act shall be on file and available for public inspection in the office of the Director of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior, and in the office of the Superintendent of each area designated in this Act. As soon as practicable after this Act takes

effect, maps of the wilderness areas and descriptions of their boundaries shall be filed with the Interior and Insular Affairs Committees of the United States Senate and House of Representatives, and such maps and descriptions shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act: Provided, That correction of clerical and typographical errors in such maps and descriptions may be made.

Sec. 3. All Park Service lands which represent potential wilderness additions are designated wilderness subject only to the cessation of all uses thereon prohibited by the Wilderness Act except that the Secretary of the Interior may: extend grazing permits at Dinosaur National Monument, and Grand Teton National Park; extend a missile site permit at Everglades National Park; and he may permit a realignment of roads at Guadalupe Mountains National Park and Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Parks. At such time as all uses thereon prohibited by the Wilderness Act have ceased, the Secretary of the Interior is directed to publish notice thereof in the Federal Register, and effective upon such publication the lands represented as potential wilderness additions shall be administered as wilderness.

Sec. 4. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to diminish the authority of the Coast Guard, pursuant to 14 U.S.C. 2 and 81 and title 1 of the Ports and Waterways Safety Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1221), or the Federal Aviation Administration to use the areas designated wilderness by this Act within the Everglades National Park, Florida; Olympic National Park, Washington; and the Gulf Islands National Seashore, Florida and Mississippi, for navigational and maritime safety purposes.

- Sec. 5. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as altering in any way any rights or claims which the Blackfeet Tribe of Indians may have within or in the vicinity of Glacier National Park; and the third sentence of Section 1 of the Act of May 11, -10 (36 Stat. 354; 16 U.S.C. 161), as amended, is repealed.
 - Sec. 6. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as altering in any way the authority granted to the International Boundary Commission under the treaties between the United States and Great Britain of April 11, 1908 (35 Stat. 2003; 12 Bevans 297) and February 24, 1925 (44 Stat. 2102; 6 Bevans 7) as related to lands within the North Cascades Wilderness and the Glacier Wilderness as designated by section 1 of this Act
 - Sec. 7. Section 1 of the Act of January 26, 1915 (38 Stat. 798, 800; 16 U.S.C. 191), pertaining to the use for reclamation purposes of lands within Rocky Mountain National Park, is amended by deleting therefro the proviso.
- Sec. B The areas designated by this Act as wilderness shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Wilderness Act governing areas designated by that Act as wilderness, except that any reference in such provisions to the effective date of the Wilderness Act shall be deemed to be a reference to the effective date of this Act, and, where appropriate, any reference to the Secretary of Agriculture shall be deemed to be a reference to the Secretary of the Interior.



United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Pacific Northwest Region Westin Building, Room 1920 2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121

L48(PNR-RE)

August 15, 1984



Memorandum

8/20/84

To:

Associate Director, Planning and Development, National Park Service

Attention: Jeff Chidlaw (WASO-763)

From:

Acting Regional Director, Pacific Northwest Region

Subject: Proposed wilderness areas, CRLA, MORA, NOCA, OLYM

Per an August 8 telephone request from Jeff Chidlaw, we are submitting two copies of the briefing statements and maps for the subject areas.

By copy of this memorandum, we are also sending copies of the statements to Dave Jervis, Chief of the Environmental Compliance Division. He has agreed to examine the proposed revisions and notify us as to the need for additional environmental compliance documentation. We believe that the additions proposed for Olympic and Mount Rainier constitute minor changes to the original recommendations and, therefore, would not require additional environmental documentation. The North Cascades Wilderness Recommendation preceded NEPA and therefore no environmental document was prepared for that proposal. We feel, however, that the recent revision to the original recommendation is a minor change also. The recommended addition of the lake in Crater Lake's recent proposal may be significant enough to constitute a need for a supplemental to the existing environmental statement.

If you need additional information please contact Sid Malbon or Connie Campbell-Blumen at FTS 399-5366.

Enclosures (Maps nailed under separate cover)

cc:

Superintendent, CRLA Superintendent, MORA Superintendent, NOCA Superintendent, OLYM WASO-762, Mr. Jervis

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Wilderness Recommendations for Crater Lake National Park
Prepared by Crater Lake National Park
June 1984

History:

Public hearings were held in January of 1971 on the National Park Service proposal to designate 104,200 acres of Crater Lake National Park as wilderness; after which the proposal was modified to include 115,900 acres. The proposal excluded Crater Lake, although the vast majority of conservation groups recommended that the lake itself be included.

The Act of December 9, 1980 (PL-96-553) added 22,890 acres to the Park from contiguous U.S. Forest Service lands which had been designated for study under RARE II. Subsequent proposals incorporated 22,008 acres of these lands into the Park's Wilderness proposals.

Recommendation:

Crater Lake National Park contains 166,149 acres which should be designated as wilderness. This recommendation includes the following acreages per unit.

- 1. 44,416 acres
- 2. 18,600 acres
- 3. 22,971 acres
- 4. 55,379 acres
- 5. 5,667 acres
- 6. 1,224 acres
- 7. 17,902 acres

All but eight acres of Crater Lake are proposed for wilderness designation in this plan. Crater Lake should receive wilderness designation as it is Crater Lake's prime resource, is very pristine and management policies (1978) permit designation where motorboat use has already become established and motorboat use is in keeping with the purpose and character of the proposed wilderness designation.

BRIEFING STATEMENT

Wilderness Recommendations for Crater Lake National Park
Prepared by Crater Lake National Park
June 1984

<u>History</u>:

Public hearings were held in January of 1971 on the National Park Service proposal to designate 104,200 acres of Crater Lake National Park as wilderness. Following the hearings the Park Service modified its proposal to include 115,900 acres. The proposal excluded Crater Lake, although the vast majority of conservation groups recommended that the lake itself be included.

On January 11, 1977 a bill (H.R. 1710) was introduced in the House of Representatives by Congressman Sebelius whihe was compatible with the recommendation made to Congress. On January 18, 1977 a bill (S315) was introduced by Senator Henry Jackson concerning wilderness in Crater Lake National Park.

By memorandum dated July 26, 1978, the Acting Regional Director of the Pacific Northwest Region forwarded to the Chief, Office of Legislation, National Park Service, a topographic map of areas proposed for wilderness designation in H.R. 12536 as well as descriptions of wilderness boundary lines for Units 5, 6 and 7.

The Act of December 9, 1980 (PL-96-553) added 22,890 acres to the Park from contiguous U.S. Forest Service lands which had been designated for study under RARE II.

By memorandum to the Regional Director on November 4, 1981, the Crater Lake Superintendent recommended the addition of an additional 22,008 acres of wilderness to the Park from lands added to the Park under Public Law (PL-96-553).

The Act of September 8, 1982 (PL-97-250), deleted 480 acres from the December 9, 1980 addition due to a previously negotiated timber sale.

Recommendation:

Crater Lake National Park contains 166,149 acres which should be designated as wilderness. This recommendation includes the following acreages per unit as shown on the attached map.

- 1. 44,416 acres
- 2. 18,600 acres
- 3. 22,971 acres
- 4. 55,379 acres
- 5. 5,657 acres
- 6. 1,224 acres
- 7. 17.902 acres

Crater Lake is proposed for wilderness designation in this plan, with the exception of eight acres. Crater Lake should receive wilderness designation as it is Crater Lake's prime resource.

Management Policies (1978) permit designation "where the use of aircraft and motorboats has been established; this may be permitted to continue subject to restrictions - as the Secretary of the Interior deems necessary. This does not mean that previously established motorboat and aircraft uses of an area must be allowed to continue; upon the designation of that area as wilderness, or that water areas must be excluded from wilderness recommendation where motorboats are involved.

Since the tour boats are used only 2½ months of the year, there are no lasting impacts upon the lake once the boats are removed. The boats and their impacts are temporary and less intruding than contrails, aircraft and the visual impacts of associated developments. The continued use of motorboats is in keeping with the purpose and character of the proposed wilderness designation.

IMPORTANT ISSUES CONCERNING WILDERNESS RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CRATER LAKE NATIONAL PARK

1. Fire Management

Many species of vegetation in Crater Lake National Park depend upon fire for their survival. The past management policy of controlling all fires has resulted in an unnatural vegetative cover. Research of this problem has indicated the reintroduction of fire through planned and unplanned prescribed fires will, in time, renew natural vegetative communities. This action, through an approved resources management plan, will assure a continuation of vegetative cover in the proposed wilderness as existed when European man arrived upon the scene.

2. Concessioner Tour Boats on Lake

Concessioner tour boats will continue as an interpretive service since the boats are used only $2\frac{1}{2}$ months out of the year and there are no lasting impacts upon the lake.

3. Proposed Wilderness For The Surface of Crater Lake Itself

In this proposal Crater Lake (with the exception of 4 acres each at Cleetwood Cove and Govenor's Bay), is proposed for wilderness designation.

4. Shelter

The use of trail shelters in the wilderness was considered in the original proposal, but was deleted from the final wilderness recommendation. There is only one shelter or patrol cabin in the Park which is not included in the wilderness land recommendation.

To designate certain lands in the Crater Lake National Park, Oregon, as !lderness.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in accordance with section 3(c) of the Wilderness Act (78 Stat. 890; 16 U.S.C. 1132(c)), certain lands in the Crater Lake National Park, which comprise about 166/149
127,058 acres, and which are depicted on the map entitled "Wilderness Plan, Crater Lake National Park, Oregon", numbered 106-20,006-E, dated January 1978, are hereby designated as wilderness. The map and a description of the boundaries of such lands shall be on file and available for public inspection in the offices of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior.

- SEC. 2. As soon as practicable after this Act takes effect, a map of the wilderness area and a description of its boundaries shall be filed with the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee of the House of Representatives and with the Energy and Natural Resources Committee of the Senate, and such map and description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act: Provided, however, That correction of clerical and typographical errors in such description and map may be made.
- SEC. 3. The wilderness area designated by this Act shall be known as the "Crater Lake Wilderness" and shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Wilderness Act governing areas designated by that Act as wilderness areas, and any reference in that Act to the Secretary of Agriculture shall be deemed to be a reference to the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 4. Within the wilderness area designated by this Act the

Secretary of the Interior may (1) authorize the establishment, use and

maintenance of hydrologic devices, in accordance with such regulations

he may deem desirable, and (2) pursue a program of prescribed burning,

as he deems necessary, in order to preserve the area in its natural condition, and (3)

authorize the use of motorboats upon Crater Lake.